



META FIL

Liquidity Solution For Filecoin

White Paper

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Abstract

Meta FIL DAO ("MFIL") is a comprehensive liquidity solution protocol for Filecoin and IPFS networks. MFIL is established and operated in the form of a decentralized autonomous organization ("DAO") and introduces a complete set of DeFi protocols to achieve various functions, including lending, pledging, and stacking.

In MFIL, various participants and stakeholders from the entire Filecoin ecosystem are gathered, including but not limited to: storage providers, FIL holders, contract developers of FVM/EVM, CEX/DEX, digital asset management agencies, legal, and auditing agencies, etc. MFIL is committed to breaking the existing problems of asymmetric information, inefficient resource allocation, and poor asset liquidity, and providing liquidity solutions that maximize value for all participants in the entire Filecoin and IPFS ecosystem.

We believe that a series of Web 3.0 technologies represented by Filecoin and IPFS will build a more just, open, and efficient sub-era of the internet. MFD will play a crucial role in resource coordination and benefit allocation in the entire ecosystem and actively promote the prosperity and development of the entire distributed storage and distributed computing ecosystem.

1. Issues within Filecoin Eco

Although the distributed storage represented by Filecoin is one of the most important infrastructure of Web3.0, it is still in the early stage of development, and there are problems such as poor information communication, limited resource utilization and insufficient asset liquidity, which to a certain extent restrict the development of the whole ecology. MFIL DAO was born to solve these problems, so as to better promote the development of the whole industry and ecology.

We have identified four major issues within Filecoin as following:

➤ **SP: Lack of pledged currency and related services**

As one of the core participants in the Filecoin network, Storage Providers (SPs) are constrained by the pre-pledged rules of FIL mining and must have both hardware and pledged coins ready, resulting in a high barrier to entry into Filecoin. Even if they have sufficient hardware resources and technical capabilities, SPs suffer from the lack of sufficient pledged coins to put their hardware resources into data storage. This problem is especially obvious in the case of high FIL prices. Although some SPs can cooperate with some of the large FIL investors or institutions, the

number is limited, and there is a greater credit risk. This brings hidden dangers to the Filecoin ecology.

➤ **FIL Holders: lack of a stable value-added approach**

Except for a very few investment institutions, exchanges, and large SPs, most FIL holders are smaller SPs and ordinary users. There are only two ways to add value to the FIL they hold before the emergence of MFIL: either to cooperate with SP for joint mining or to participate in the financial products launched by exchanges or wallets. However, on the one hand, SP joint mining often has high requirements, and the participation threshold is higher. On the other hand, wallet or exchange financial products often lend FIL to SP and earn a huge spread. This not only greatly compresses the revenue space for users but also introduces more risk.

➤ **Ecosystem: Lack of liquidity of assets**

The pledge cycle of Filecoin node is typically 540 days, and the rewards are divided into 180 days of linear release. The lock-in period for a FIL mining node is about two years, during which a great deal of uncertainty arises. SPs cannot end sectors early to gain liquidity and may even forfeit assets due to improper node maintenance. This leads to the dilemma

that old nodes cannot be liquidated, and new nodes do not have pledged coins to start. For FIL holders, there is a lack of suitable service providers to connect them to SPs who can cooperate with them. Thus, they can only passively hold the coins or realize the flow of assets through speculative coin trading.

➤ **Market: Lack of credible comprehensive service providers**

Different from most blockchain projects, the operation of Filecoin's nodes requires a comprehensive technical ability combining software development, hardware operation and maintenance, and server room services, and the threshold is higher than other projects. This makes it difficult for other blockchain service providers to enter the FIL field and provide related services. At the same time, the large SPs with the most technical capabilities in the FIL field are in relative competition with each other, so it is difficult to collaborate and integrate resources with each other. Therefore, there are fewer teams in the industry with rich experience in FIL mining, DEFI, asset management, compliance, etc. to provide relevant infrastructure for the whole Filecoin ecosystem.

2. Solutions of MFIL

Since 2022, MFIL has been conducting long-term trial operations on EVM through cross-chain bridges and other methods. The platform has combined the relatively mature LSD (Liquid Staging Derivatives) in the blockchain industry with the unique rules and mechanisms of the Filecoin ecosystem. This has brought considerable benefits to SP and FIL holders, fully verifying MFIL's technical capabilities and business model credibility.

MFIL can better integrate resources within the ecosystem, solve problems such as original information opacity, low resource allocation efficiency, and low asset liquidity, and achieve a win-win situation for all parties.

Through MFIL's smart contracts, SP nodes that have been encapsulated can be cast into a freely tradable liquidity token "MFIL", allowing good liquidity for nodes that originally needed to be pledged for about 540 days. Therefore MFIL provides a better user experience and better solves the aforementioned Filecoin ecological problems.

By using MFIL, SP will not be unable to start data encapsulation due to



difficulty in obtaining pledge currency, nor will it encounter liquidity difficulties due to having pledged a large number of FIL in the node. For FIL holders, there is no need to seek an SP for "joint mining" when using MFIL. Instead, users can stake MFIL by FIL to earn the APR revenue generated in the node. This means that FIL holders can find a suitable way to appreciate their assets without having to hold a large number of FIL. Additionally, they will not be exploited by centralized financial institutions for most of the mining output income.

In addition, the operation and governance of MFIL is completely based on DAO, with open and transparent rules. Also, the circulation of all assets is conducted by smart contracts and authoritative third-party asset management institutions, and is subject to the supervision of all community members. Meanwhile, MFIL's smart contracts have been audited by third-party security teams; The entire MFIL DAO has a good cooperative relationship with all participants in the Filecoin ecosystem rather than competition, and maintains long-term and close cooperation with the PL team. All community members in the DAO (such as SP community, developer community, ecological development community, etc.) are excellent practitioners who are familiar with the Filecoin ecosystem.

3. Why DAO

There are multiple benefits for MFIL to establish and operate as a decentralized autonomous organization (DAO) which are:

➤ **Autonomy & Openness**

MFIL operates as a, which is more open and inclusive than centralized projects. Anyone who wants to learn about and participate in it can join, influence and contribute to its development.

DAO are non-profit organizations and do not have conflicts of interest with other organizations or companies. Therefore, it is possible to incorporate otherwise mutually exclusive players (e.g., two SPs in competition with each other) into a community and integrate more resources for the common good of the community.

➤ **Stability & Win-Win**

Unlike centralized companies, which are power-centered and focused on the interests of a small group of people, DAO prioritize the interests and needs of community members from diverse backgrounds.

In MFIL's DAO, anyone can propose a MFIL improvement proposal (MIP) and initiate a vote. Proposals that receive majority support will be implemented.

Moreover, the operation of the DAO is not dependent on individuals, so there is no risk that it will collapse due to poor decision-making or other issues caused by a small group of people.

➤ **Fairness & Transparency**

The operation of a DAO is monitored by all community members, and it is managed autonomously by community members, making it fair and transparent.

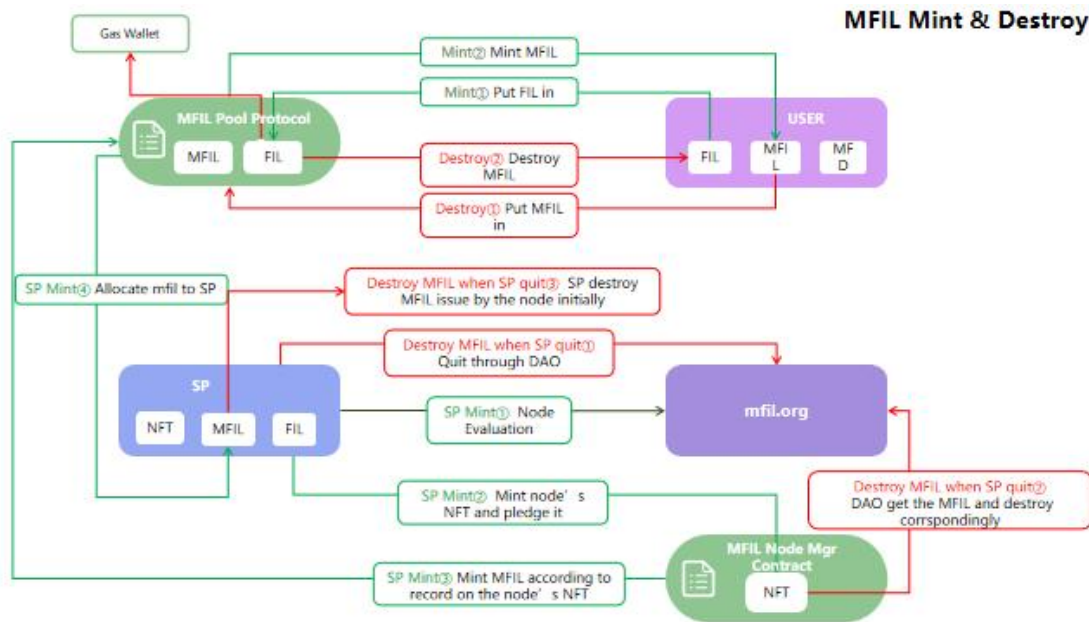
The audited smart contract automatically runs key functions, such as benefit distribution and asset flow, greatly reducing the risk of a small number of people taking advantage of their rights or information to harm the interests of others.

4. Workflow of MFIL

4.1 Mint and Destroy of MFIL

There are two ways to mint MFIL. One way is mint by SP pledging their existed Filecoin node to mint a certain portion of MFIL based on the node evaluation result. The other way is FIL holder to mint MFIL by swap their FIL to MFIL with 1:1 ratio. This also means that each MFIL is minted and backed by more than 100% FIL asset. When SP' s node expired, all

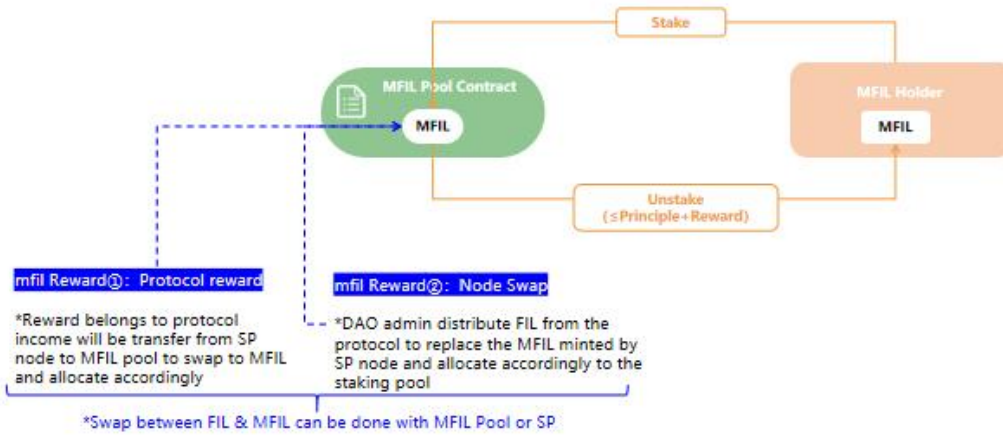
MFIL minted from that node will be destroyed to avoid any excess. Therefore to anchor each MFIL with FIL at the ratio close to 1:1. The detailed flows are showed as following:



4.2 MFIL Staking

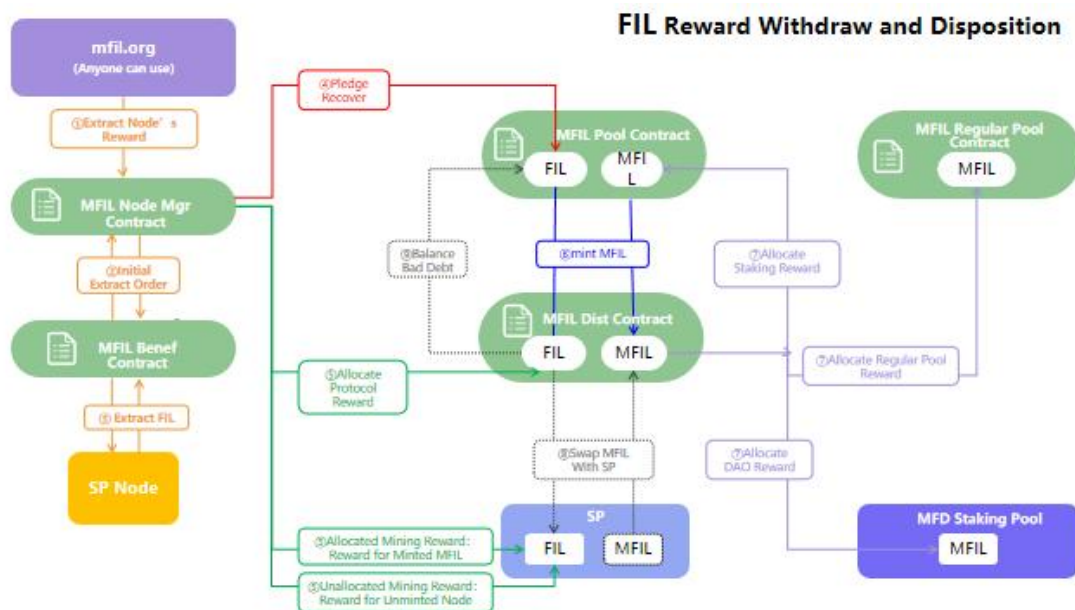
Anyone who hold MFIL can stake their MFIL in the protocol to share the daily mining from the SP's node in the protocol. The daily yield is allocated in the form of MFIL. Users can decided the time they want to stake & unstake. No other condition are required for every user.

MFIL Staking



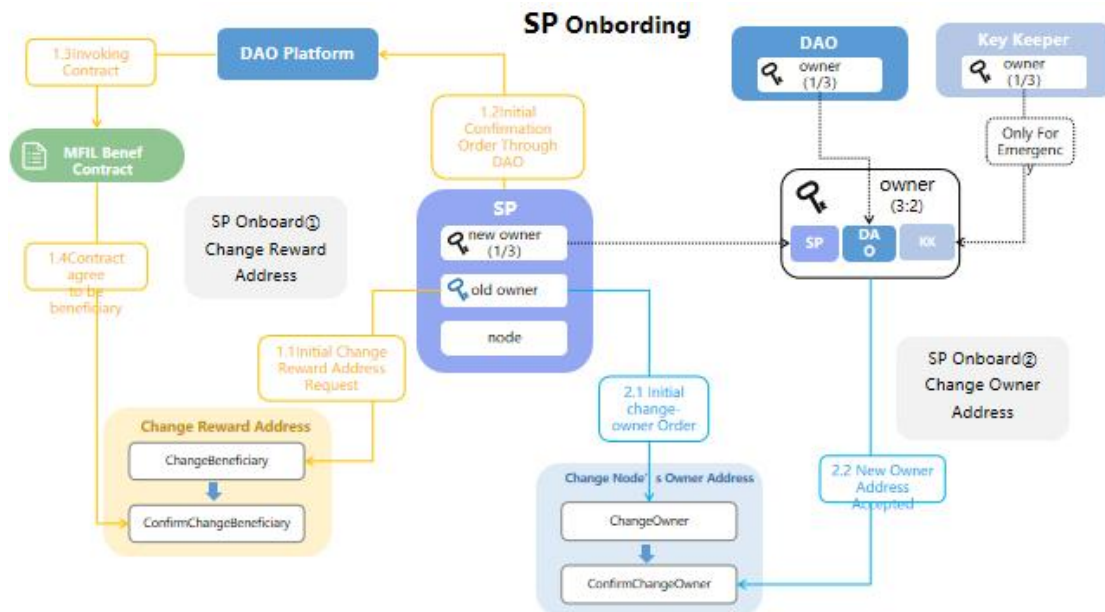
4.3 Reward processing and disposition

The daily staking reward will be allocated to each user automatically by smart contract. When users received MFIL staking reward, they can choose to exchange MFIL to FIL in DEX. For those rewards which do not withdrawal from the protocol, they will be continuously staked in the protocol which increase the APR as the compound interest.



4.4 SP onboarding and quit

MFIL provide a user-friendly and efficient liquidity solution for SPs. A four-steps onboarding process is required to be finished to better help the SPs to utilize MFIL protocol.



➤ **Submit SP node info for evaluation:**

SP who want to liquid their node can go to the MFIL website and find SP' s page to submit relevant info. Those info will go through a comprehensive evaluation model to assess SP' s technology capability and the node' s quality. Many criteria will be take into consideration such as operation stability, reward output volume, location of the data center etc.

➤ **Determine mint volume based on evaluation:**

Each node will be ranked after the evaluation to decide to how many MFIL can be minted by each node. Theoretically, the maximum mint

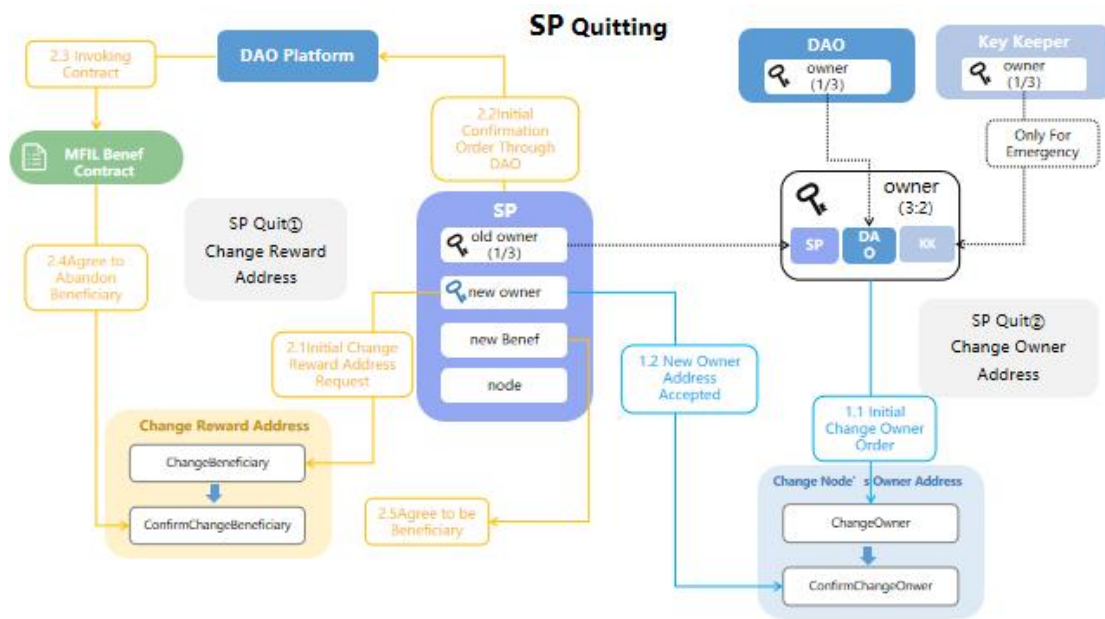
volume of each node will not exceed 90% of the FIL pledged in the node to ensure the 100% FIL coverage when mint MFIL.

➤ **MFIL turnover flow**

Once SP agreed the mint volume of MFIL, they shall give the control of the node to MFIL protocol. Smart contract will allocate the corresponding number of MFIL to SP's address. SP can exchange the MFIL received to FIL in DEX/CEX or even in other DEFI protocol to get liquidity or leverage their asset to scale up their business with very low cost. SP will also get other benefit when they using MFIL protocol such as MFD token.

➤ **MFIL destruction when node expired**

When the node expired, the MFIL it minted shall be destroyed to ensure no excess MFIL is liquid in the market. The SP can return the MFIL they minted before to MFIL protocol to have their node back. If the SP do not return the MFIL, the pledged FIL in the node will be used to purchase back the corresponding number of MFIL from the market and destroyed by MFIL DAO. Therefore to keep the balance between MFIL and FIL.



5. Features of MFIL

To use the MFIL protocol, users do not need to register using any centralized method, but only need to authorize wallets (such as Metamask) to connect to MFIL.

On the Swapping page, users can directly transfer the FIL in their wallet into the MFIL protocol. They can enter the amount of FIL they wish to convert to MFIL, and with one click, convert their FIL to MFIL to start earning daily APR revenue.

How MFIL works



After successfully converting FIL into MFIL, users can easily view the amount of MFIL they currently hold, the corresponding average APR yield, and the cumulative benefits earned on the Earning page of the MFIL agreement.

In the future, if there are returns from portfolio assets, they will also be displayed on relevant pages to help users automatically synchronize, calculate, and manage their various returns within the MFIL agreement.

Earn

See your MFIL earning

MFIL amount	MFIL cumulative earning	Average APR
89.90MFIL	--	13.2%

Meanwhile, as MFIL's liquidity pledge agreement essentially certifies the computing power of each node, and then forms a "mining pool" through DEFI for the originally independent SP nodes.

On the Pool Data page, MFIL will synchronize various types of information and data within the current "mining pool" in real time, publicly and transparently display them to everyone, and be subject to public supervision to enhance the credibility and security of the DAO.

Data may include:

- Number of nodes for the SP
- Scale of computing power within the protocol
- Number of MFIL that have been mint
- The number of mining rewards that have been generated.....

Pool Data

Pool overview



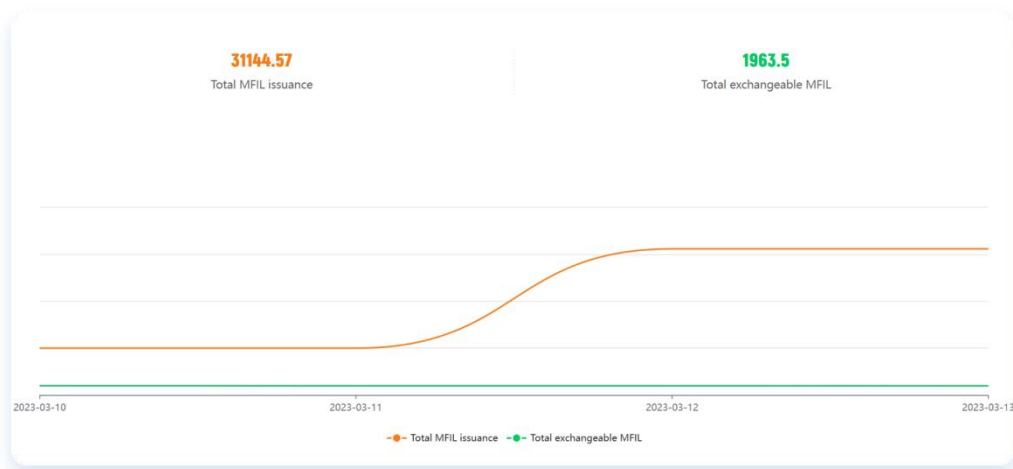
Earn data



In addition, MFIL also provides its own blockchain browser, enabling users to obtain the Filecoin main chain and most relevant information about MFIL without switching to a third-party browser (such as the average sealing cost per TiB, the average gas cost, the total casting volume and exchange volume of MFIL, etc.) to facilitate users to quickly obtain the desired data.

In the future, with the continuous development of MFIL, more data within the MFIL ecosystem will also be displayed in its blockchain browser. This will also further enrich and enrich the entire Filecoin ecosystem.

MFIL treasury MFIL Pool



To best control the operation status of each node and facilitate users on MFIL, it developed a complete set of node operation & maintenance systems. All SP nodes that join MFIL will be connected to the system. In extreme cases (such as natural disasters or other force majeure), MFIL DAO will also utilize its data centers and hardware resources in multiple regions around the world for node migration and disaster recovery, to maximize the stable operation and asset security of the entire MFIL. Some features of this O&M system are:

Automated deployment capabilities:

All O&M service systems can be deployed automatically after the SP nodes join the MFIL system, without manual intervention.

Whole process monitoring platform:

Both the node's on-chain data and offline server hardware, application software, and platform systems are under multi-dimensional real-time

monitoring of the monitoring platform to ensure the safe and stable operation of the node.

Log analysis platform:

It tracks large amounts of log data in real time to identify and address possible problems in a timely manner.

Artificial intelligence technology also assists the system in analyzing and defining various issues and priorities to optimize system resource allocation.

Emergency report and fault self-healing:

It integrates the current industry-leading fault detection and automatic fault handling functions, which can analyze the cause of faults, conduct fault self-healing processing, improve processing efficiency, and reduce human operation and maintenance requirements.

Network early warning platform:

It can analyze and resist malicious attacks in a timely manner with 7*24 coverage and deal with them quickly to guarantee the stability of node operation and node asset security.

6. Advantages of MFIL

To wrap up, MFIL has five major advantages which are:

➤ **Asset Security:**

MFIL's liquidity token has more than 100% of FIL assets as collateral, ensuring that it does not have an extreme risk exposure. All asset flows and income distribution of MFIL are completed by smart contracts or by third-party asset management institutions. In addition, the multiple signing mechanism helps to reduce the risk of unilateral asset transfer or failure of the DAO due to unilateral issues;

➤ **Stable operation & maintenance**

MFIL has its own blockchain browser and a complete network wide node O&M management monitoring system; Monitor the operation of each node in the MFIL ecosystem in real-time 7 * 24 hours; Notify SPs and relevant personnel in a timely manner to handle potential risks as soon as possible; In extreme cases, data can also be transferred for remote disaster recovery to ensure the safety of assets on nodes and stable output;

➤ **Transparency & fairness:**



All asset management and income distribution on MFIL is completed through smart contracts or compliant third-party asset management institutions, ensuring transparency and accountability on the blockchain. The rules and processes are recorded on the chain, making them traceable and auditable.

All decisions of the DAO are made through a decentralized and democratic process, with participation from the community. This ensures that the entire process, from decision-making to result, is transparent, open, and fair. This promotes a virtuous structure of community building and win-win results for all parties involved in the ecosystem;

➤ **High liquidity & yield:**

FIL holders face a trade-off between pledging their FIL for 1-2 years at on-chain nodes and losing liquidity in exchange for stable mining returns, or giving up mining proceeds to obtain liquidity to hold FIL. However, with the introduction of MFIL, FIL holders can obtain stable mining returns without making a long-term pledge and still have the flexibility to trade and exchange MFIL for FIL or other assets. This allows FIL holders to achieve both liquidity and stable returns, without having to sacrifice one for the other;

➤ **Strong expandability:**

Compared to FIL, MFIL has multiple attributes, including mining revenue rights, that can be endowed with various application scenarios such as pledge lending, liquidity mining, and community governance by DAO. With these attributes, MFIL can fully mobilize participants and resources within the ecosystem, expanding to richer application scenarios, more efficient asset management methods, and greater market potential.

Further more, when comparing with traditional lending, staking or co-mining models, MFIL also shows superiorities such as:

➤ **Good liquidity, flexibility and efficiency**

In MFIL, token holders only need to exchange FIL for MFIL to share their daily mining income with SP. Meanwhile, SP can circulate pledged currency that needs to be locked up for hundreds of days in advance. Therefore, MFIL provides both parties with flexible and efficient liquidity solutions.

However, the traditional ways are Lack of liquidity and only have fixed form of services and lockup period. Neither SP nor users can use the principal in advance, and can only distribute income/interest on a weekly or monthly basis, resulting in poor asset liquidity.

➤ **High yield, low threshold and risk**

MFIL protocol only charges a small amount of mining output to maintain the operation of the DAO, without earning interest margin and high technical service fees. There is no minimum threshold in the protocol which allows all user to participate in the ecosystem to gain revenue. In the same time, all assets are transparent and verifiable, managed jointly by the community and third-party institutions, with low risk.

While the traditional lending & comining are centralized operations which has higher risk and are not transparent. Exchanges and large lending and mining institutions earn more dividend and interest, not mention their thresholds making their services are only available for few big token holders. Last but not the least, Enormous centralized entities such as exchanges and SPs have been investigated or shut down by regulators or just run away by themself. The risks are more uncontrollable than the decentralized protocol.

➤ **Compound asset with multiple benefits**

MFIL users can participate in the construction of DAO while holding MFIL to strive for more benefits. Also users can use MFIL to participant in FIL

and many other DEFI projects, and one action can generate multiple benefits. Profit can be further increased by leveraging with staking and other means.

However, the only source of income from joint mining/borrowing is a share of mining output or a fixed interested rate. Users have no other sources of income or opportunity to leverage their asset by joining other DEFI protocols. There is also no possibility to obtain multiple benefits.

7. MFD Token

MFD Token - Meta FIL DAO's community governance token will be used primarily for community governance and will further empower the participants in various scenarios and applications in the DAO organization.

MFD is distributed by the way of "fair launch" which raise no money or other asset. The only way to get MFD is through making contribution to the DAO. The MFD total supply volume is 1,000,000,000 and allocated as following:

40% allocation is for Liquidity Incentive which will be used to continuously reward Liquidity Provider. This reward will decrease 50% every 2 years.

30% allocation is for DAO Treasury which will be used to support the growth of the DAO such as community grant or activities reward.

20% allocation is for Core Team and Initial Developers which will be used to compensate their contribution and build the necessary technology and governance structures.

10% allocation is for Early Supporters which will be distribute to core advisors, initial SPs and institutional LPs etc.

7.1 Locking Period:

The allocation for initial teams (20%) and early supporters (10%) has 36 months locking period which will be linear release since the first month. Rewards from continuously incentive for LP (40%) will be released linearly in 180 days.

7.2 Protocol income of MFIL:

MFIL protocol has 2 parts of income:

1. MFIL protocol will get 10% FIL block reward of all SP nodes. This income will be minted to MFIL and distributed to all veMFD holder on a daily basis.
2. 0.005% service fee will be charged to those who swap MFIL to FIL in the MFIL Pool Protocol. This income will be used to maintain daily

operation of MFIL.

7.3 veMFD

veMFD is the Vote Escrow MFD which can only be rewarded by staking MFD. veMFD is a non-liquid and non-transferable token which will be used to participant DAO governance and distribution. The longer the staking MFD, the more veMFD will receive. The initial staking rules are as following:

The staking period of MFD is ranged from 1 day to maximum 1095 days. The veMFD reward volume is also linearly relate to the staking period. For example, users who stake 1 MFD for 1095 days will receive 3 veMFD while stake 1 MFD for 1 day will receive around $3/1095=0.00274$ veMFD.

The number of veMFD will linearly decrease automatically every day. For example, if user staked 1 MFD for 1095 days, the veMFD balance will be 3 in the first day and will be around $3*1094/1095=2.9973$ in the second day and so on. By the end of the 1095th day, the veMFD balance will be zero. To pause the gradually decreasing process, uses can click button to automatically renew the staking period so that the veMFD balance will stay at the current volume until it has been un-renewed manually.



In addition, it is possible for users to extend their staking period from the shorter period to the longer one (i.e. extend staking period from 180 days to 1095 days). Also, it is possible add more MFD in the same staking batch to get more veMFD. For example, if a user staked 1 MFD for 3 year, the veMFD balance is 3. After 3 days, this user decides to add 2 more MFD to stake for 3 years and renew the previous 1 MFD' s staking period to 1095 days. Then the user will have $(1+2)*3=9$ veMFD balance. Please note that it is impossible to do those two operations reversely to either short the staking period nor to decrease the staking MFD volume.

7.4 Application Scenario of MFD & veMFD

The initial application scenarios of MFD & veMFD are and will be expand in the future:

Sharing Daily Community Reward: MFIL will share the 10% protocol income to all veMFD holder based on their veMFD holding volume.

SP collateral and whitelist: When a new SP is applying for onboarding to the MFIL protocol, its info will be publicly displayed in the DAO and it needs to have certain amount of vote to be listed in the "SP whitelist" . veMFD will be use to vote. Only those SPs in the whitelist are qualified to provide service in MFIL to ensure their credibility.

In addition, all SPs are required to stake a certain amount of veMFD as collateral when applying for mint MFIL. The more the veMFD the SP staked, the more MFIL they can mint from their node (maximum mint ratio shall never exceed the FIL pledged in the node). The staking period of those veMFD will be as same as the node locking period. If the node go wrong due to SP' s wrong doing or any other reasons , the staked veMFD&MFD will be used to compensate potential losses if any.

Community Governance Voting: In principle, 1 veMFD is counted as 1 vote. Most community decisions will be made by voting using veMFD to change current community policies or start a new one.

Other than the aforementioned application scenario, MFD and veMFD also will explore more scenario such as airdrop or reward boosting.

7.5 Community Structure And Governance

MFIL DAO is currently consisted by four communities which are DAO Governance Community , Storage Provider Community , Developer Community, Ecosystem Community.

➤ **Gov community** which is responsible for routine operation of DAO

and coordinating with other communities. It will periodically report the operation status of MFIL and conduct survey and research to improve development of MFIL and better serve the participants;

- **SP community** which is responsible for all SP-related affairs including but not limit to design SP onboarding standards, nodes evaluation, monitor nodes operation and services that support SP' s work;
- **Developer community** is responsible for all technology development related issues such as designing dev plan , formulating dev milestone, executing proposal, auditing code, fixing BUG etc. MFIL is open for all developer to keep fine-tuning its technology infrastructures;
- **Ecosystem community** is responsible for prospering the entire MFIL ecosystem, exploring internal & external ecosystem corporations, maintain relationship between various communities and increase the influence and branding of the ecosystem.

Community participant can initial the “MFIL Improvement Proposals” (MIPs) to propose meaningful adjustment to make the MFIL DAO better. In some extreme important decision or proposal, the Gov community has veto of one-vote.

8. Potential Risks

Though MFIL protocol can provide better services to participants in Filecoin ecosystem, users of MFIL still need to know potential risks to better protect their interest and make decision. Those risks may including but not limited to:

➤ **Risks Related to Smart Contract**

As FVM is still on its early stage of launch, the entire smart contract is yet to be perfect. Therefore, its stableness and safety is still needed to be tested by time. Although smart contract on MFIL has passed code auditing and a serious technology means has been taken to prevent foreseeable risks. It is still not be able to eliminate all potential risks related to FVM or smart contract on it. External hacker attack may also leads to unpredictable problems and lead to asset lost.

➤ **Risks related to Filecoin Network**

FVM and MFIL project are all build on Filecoin network. We cannot predict the future development of Filecoin. It seems by far, the Filecoin is still one of the most important infrastructure for distribution storage and Web3. However, if the Filecoin network cannot develop well or have material change in the future, MFIL will be directly impacted and may

lead to asset loss or other risks.

➤ **Risks related to SP Node Operation**

Although, MFIL will evaluate all SPs during the onboarding process and monitor their node operation. However, the hardware and data center are still operated and maintained by SPs. As all SPs are not employed nor subjected to MFIL, therefore, MFIL cannot control SPs action or to eliminate their operation risks. In extreme cases like technical failure, hardware or data center destruction, SP node may crushed. MFIL will try to recover data remotely or take other actions trying to decrease the potential losses and sustain node operation , but it is impossible for MFIL to predict those risks in advance thus to avoid such risks or losses.

➤ **Risks related to DAO:**

Though DAO can represent interest of more stakeholders rather than few shareholders in traditional company. However, DAO operated fully decentralized and volunteered by its community participants. In addition, participant of the DAO may from different countries and cultures, which have different language, time zone and traditions. Therefore, DAO may be less efficient due to its loose corporation mode and may lead to potential risks in communication, governance and other areas.

➤ **Risks related to Market and Industry:**

The entire blockchain industry and Web 3 market is still in its early stage of development. None can forecast the future of the market or the industry. Major changes may exist in this market and asset related will also be influenced to fluctuate dramatically or even lead to impermanent loss. Every user of MFIL should evaluate their risk tolerance and risk types to choose whether to use MFIL or join this market depend on the evaluation result. Users also need to have sufficient knowledge regard this market and have capability to take any potential risks or losses.

➤ **Risks related to Regulation and Government:**

Normally, regulation will be late than the development of the market. For blockchain, crypto asset, and Web3, the global regulation framework is far away from perfect. No one knows what regulation or policy may be released which will profoundly influence the entire market. Also, DAO is a concept or organization type which is not in current legal system yet. Current policy may change and new policy may be published which materially impact the asset price and lead to unknown risks.



Contact Us:

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